

Integrated Design on the Path to Commercial ZNE

Zero Net Energy Redwood Retreat
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Outline and Key Concepts

- My background: Research → Practice → Policy
 - MS Building Science, UCB
 - 10+ years commercial building mechanical design & whole building energy analysis, Taylor Engineering
 - Recently switched focus to policy and the market adoption challenge: Emerging Solutions and Codes and Standards, TRC
- Key Concepts
 - Advanced practices can inform policy
 - Achieving deep efficiency cost effectively requires a different process and integrated design is important
 - life cycle cost analysis
 - cost optimization
 - Challenging to accelerate market adoption of advanced practices
- Presentation Outline
 - Examples projects from my design experience
 - Results from a PG&E funded study of 29 advanced buildings

Orinda City Hall

12,000 ft²
LEED Gold



Mixed-mode

- Natural ventilation
- HVAC
- Controls integration with occupant communication (“open windows” light)

Compressorless cooling

- Direct-Indirect evaporative cooling
- Required peak load reduction
- Required occupant based comfort solution

Peak Load Reduction

- Aggressive solar shading
- Reduced computer loads

Occupant comfort

- Ceiling fans provide 4°F cooling
- Personal control (fans & windows)

Chartwell School



- Private School for children with language learning challenges
- Superior learning environment
- LEED Platinum
- Zero net electricity

Chartwell School

Life Cycle Cost Analysis



| <u>Run</u> | <u>Description</u> | <u>Life Cycle Cost</u> [present dollars] | <u>Life Cycle Rank</u> | <u>Life Cycle Cost Difference</u> [compared to base case] |
|------------|--|---|------------------------|--|
| 0A | Base Case | \$301,094 | 8 | |
| 0B | Base Case - Electricity Neutral | \$375,640 | 10 | \$74,546 |
| 0C | Base Case - Energy Neutral | \$469,140 | 14 | \$168,046 |
| 1A | Worse Opaque Envelope | \$305,387 | 9 | \$4,293 |
| 2A | Better Opaque Envelope | \$300,362 | 5 | (\$732) |
| 3A | Worse Glazing | \$300,767 | 6 | (\$328) |
| 4A | Better Glazing | \$301,046 | 7 | (\$48) |
| 5A | Daylighting | \$236,260 | 1 | (\$64,834) |
| 5B | Daylighting - Electricity Neutral | \$278,372 | 2 | (\$22,723) |
| 5C | Daylighting - Energy Neutral | \$393,872 | 12 | \$92,777 |
| 6B | Daylighting + Classroom ERV - Electricity Neutral | \$298,895 | 4 | (\$2,199) |
| 6C | Daylighting + Classroom ERV - Energy Neutral | \$408,895 | 13 | \$107,801 |
| 7B | Daylighting + Multipurpose ERV - Electricity Neutral | \$293,174 | 3 | (\$7,921) |
| 7C | Daylighting + Multipurpose ERV - Energy Neutral | \$386,674 | 11 | \$85,579 |

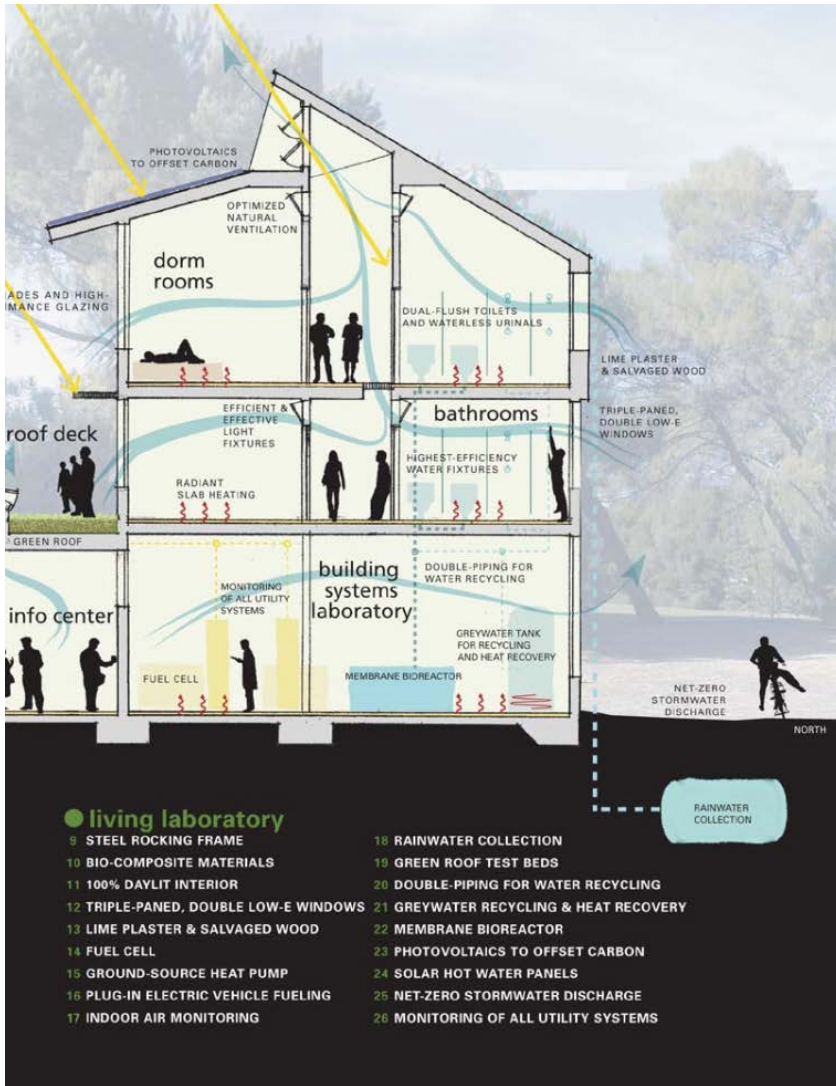
General Analysis Parameters

| | |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| Study Life | 25 years |
| General Inflation Rate | 2.0% |
| Owner Discount Rate (Nominal) | 6.0% |
| Real Discount Rate | 3.9% |

Annual Escalation Rates

| | <u>Nominal</u> | <u>Real</u> |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| Maintenance | 2.5% | 0.49% |
| Materials | 2.5% | 0.49% |
| Fuel | 3.5% | 1.47% |
| Electricity | 3.5% | 1.47% |

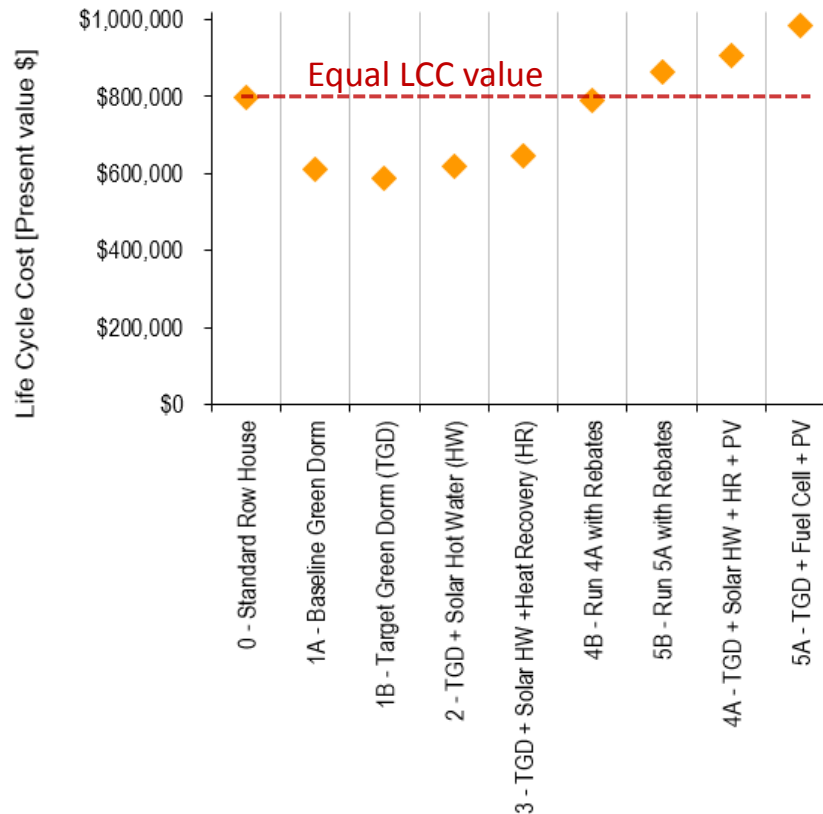
Stanford Green Dorm Feasibility Study



- Zero Carbon
- Closed Water Cycle
- Optimizing Material Resources

Stanford Green Dorm Life Cycle Cost Analysis

Life Cycle Cost (present value) for
each option



1

Identify cost effective efficiency

2

Use “equal value” concept to tunnel through cost barrier

Advanced Building Characteristics Study

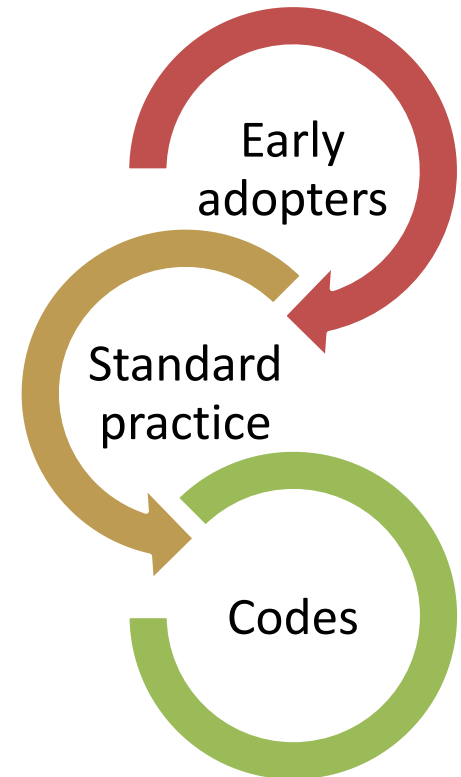
*More result in ACEEE Summer Study 2016 Proceedings
Funded by PG&E Codes and Standards*

- **Purpose**

- Use market to guide policy & research
- Identify advanced features/strategies in ZNE & near ZNE commercial buildings
- Identify barriers and opportunities

- **Outcomes**

- Catalog measures and integrated design packages (IDP)
- Recommend opportunities for emerging technology research, incentive programs, and code readiness

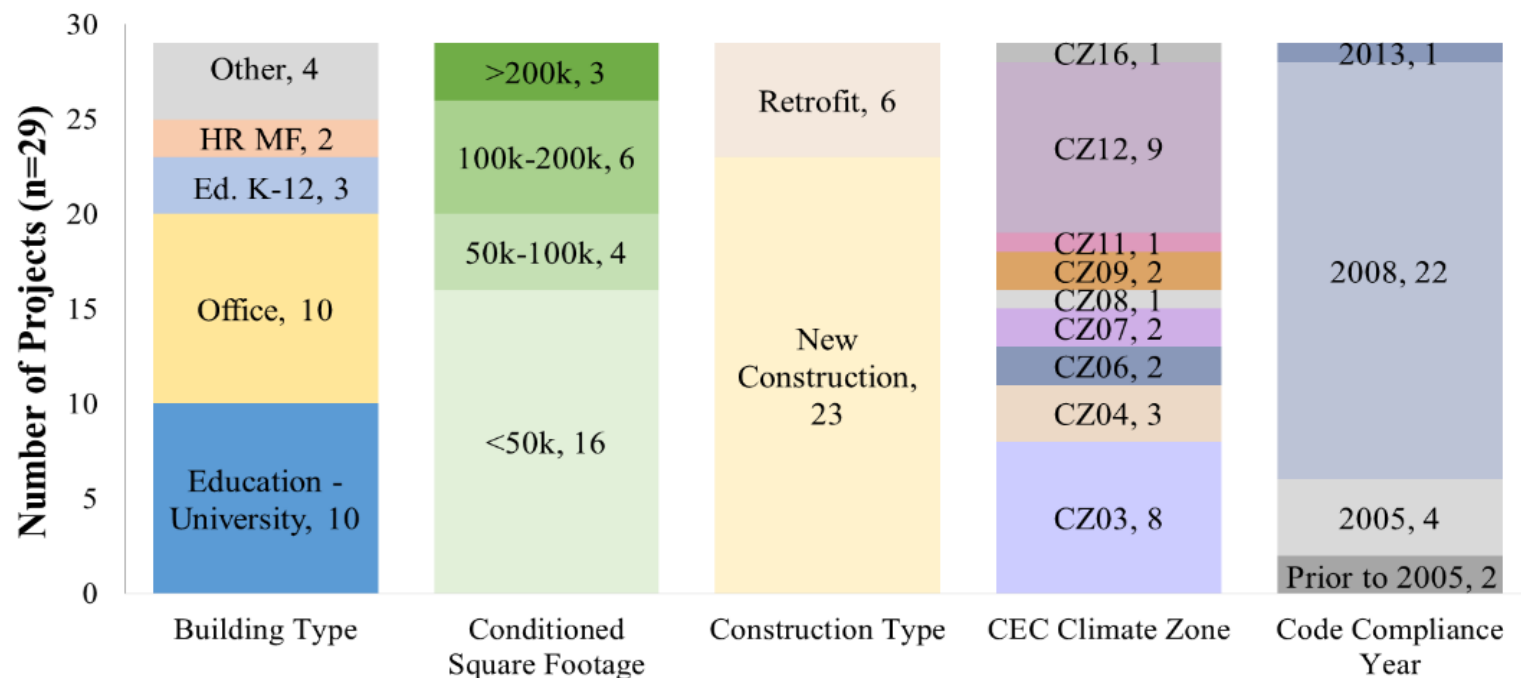


Advanced Building Surveyed

29 California buildings with ZNE or near-ZNE goal - average modeled EUI < 40 kBtu/ft²

39 interviews: engineer, architect, contractor, owner

Review models and design drawings



Study limitation: Focused on leaders pushing the envelope. Small sample size.

Passive/Radiant

- Passive Cooling
- Daylighting
- Radiant Cooling

Controls, Cx

- “Nexus of energy performance”
- Integration
- Performance targets

Integrated Design

- package performs better than the sum of the parts
- Increase cost effectiveness

Load Reduction

- Enables passive/radiant
- Solar & plug load reduction

Occupant Centric Solutions

- *“provide service for the occupant rather than the building”*
- Addresses variability of passive systems & enables mixed-mode
- Ceiling/desk fans, task-ambient lighting, operable windows, etc.

Integrated Design Packages (IDPs)

Passive (natural) and Mixed-Mode Cooling IDPs (n=18)

Common Essential Elements

- solar control
- reduce plug load
- mass
- ceiling fans

Alternatives/Variations

- night pre-cooling
- automated window or louver
- narrow floor plate

Radiant Cooling IDPs (n=11)

Common Essential Elements

- Solar control
- Reduce plug loads
- Evap cooled water (compressorless)

Alternatives/Variations

- Mixed-mode: Passive cooling+Radiant
- Ceiling fans
- Thermal energy storage
- Night pre-cooling
- Heat pump (bay water, geothermal)

Daylighting and Lighting Controls IDPs (n=27)

Common Essential Elements

- Solar control
- Light shelves or clerestories
- High efficacy lighting
- Controls

Alternatives/Variations

- Occupant response controls
- Skylights
- Narrow floor plate

Barriers and Opportunities

- Knowledge gaps:
 - Engineering fundamentals
 - Design tools to decrease transaction cost and risk
 - Controls integration and ongoing commissioning
 - Contractor and/or operator experience
- Integrated Design (ID) challenges:
 - ID is a process, not a solution, with more complexity
 - Lack of knowledge and tools to support ID
 - Simulation critical, but bugs and multiple tools are time consuming (\$\$\$\$)
- Difficult to predict PV size for ZNE

Recommendations

- Candidates for research and Incentive Programs to support market adoption ----->
 - Integration and scalability is critical to move these measures into standard practice
- Support and enable integrated design (ID)
 - ID process and packages of measures important for achieving deep efficiency cost effectively
 - Identify ID packages and best practices
 - Develop ID analysis tools – e.g. pre-defined parametric analysis including cost effectiveness
- Improve energy predictions to size PV for ZNE
 - Benchmarking
 - Plug load and behavior libraries closer to reality

| |
|-----------------------------------|
| Natural ventilation design |
| Mixed-mode systems |
| Comfort performance simulation |
| Radiant cooling design |
| Daylighting design and control |
| Task-ambient strategies |
| Occupant responsive controls |
| Controls integration/optimization |
| Ongoing Commissioning & EIS |

Thank you

Questions?

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